

OFFICE OF HUMAN RESOURCES

FLSA TIME MANAGEMENT FOR NONEXEMPT EMPLOYEES

What is the FLSA?

- The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) is a federal law that sets federal minimum wage, overtime pay, and record keeping standards for U.S. employers.
- By law, FLSA nonexempt FSU employees must receive overtime compensation (usually 1.5 times their regular rate of pay) for time worked over 40 hours in a workweek.

Golden Rule

Nonexempt employees must be paid for all time they are "suffered or permitted" to work. This doesn't just mean time in the office, but all time, whether pre-approved by the employer or not.

The Basics

- All hours worked by a **nonexempt employee** must be recorded and compensated, even those performed outside of the employee's standard shift.
- All time worked must be tracked and overtime work must be *approved by the supervisor* in advance.
- Overtime is determined by the **workweek**, not the pay period.
 - FSU's workweek is midnight Friday through the following Thursday.
 - Night and weekend work is not automatically considered overtime, but counts as time worked.
- If nonexempt employees physically work over 40 hours from Friday through Thursday in a single FSU workweek, they must be given overtime compensation.

Time Worked

- ✓ Time spent working (regardless of location)
- ✓ After hours work from home (emails/calls/texts)
- ✓ Time spent traveling for work

Not Time Worked



- X Normal commuting to/from work
- X Downtime while traveling for work
- X Meal periods over 30 minutes (unless employee works)

Managing Overtime

- Explain that overtime hours must be approved in advance by the supervisor.
- Set clear expectations about responses to workrelated communications after hours and event attendance.
- Flex time within the workweek to avoid accruing overtime hours for nonexempt employees.
 - You can flex before or after the day(s) the employee is expected to work extra hours, but you must flex within the same workweek.
- Offer Overtime Compensatory Leave.
- Rebalance workloads between employees.
- Carefully review and approve all employee time records for accuracy.

Special Issues

Dual Appointments

 If an employee has multiple nonexempt jobs at FSU, overtime is calculated by taking the total number of hours worked between both nonexempt FSU jobs.

OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Departments generally have the option to provide **overtime pay** or **overtime compensatory leave** to nonexempt employees who work over 40 hours in a workweek.

- The supervisor and employee should agree on whether overtime hours will be compensated through receipt of **overtime compensatory leave** or **overtime pay**.
- Supervisors can preferentially assign the overtime hours to an employee who is willing to accept **overtime compensatory leave** instead of **overtime pay.**

Overtime Pay

- Usually 1.5 times regular rate of pay
- Only option for OPS nonexempt employees



Overtime Compensatory Leave

- Department can offer compensatory leave instead of overtime pay
- 1.5 hours of leave for each overtime hour worked
- Not available for OPS employees
- 160 hour cap
- Pays out annually
- Require employees to use overtime compensatory leave before annual leave

Overtime Worked Without Pre-approval

- Nonexempt employees who work overtime without supervisory pre-approval should be counseled to clarify expectations and to provide a warning, but must still be compensated for the overtime hours worked.
- If the employee continues to work overtime without prior approval, the supervisor may proceed to disciplinary measures, with guidance from the Office of Human Resources.

Questions & Resources

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Over 40 is Overtime

FLSA Overtime Changes http://hr.fsu.edu/flsa